Annual Report 2017-2018





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Directors' Report

To the Members,

India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited

Your Directors have great pleasure in presenting the Second Annual Report of India International Exchange (IFSC) Ltd ('the Company'), together with the audited financials for the financial year (FY) ended 31st March, 2018.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY/HIGHLIGHTS

Particulars	2017	-18	201	6-17
			(Sep 201	l6 – Mar
			201	17)
	Rs Lakhs	USD '000	Rs Lakhs	USD '000
Total Revenue	113.37	175.91	0.03	0.05
Total Expenses	1849.69	2870.07	942.28	1402.49
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional	(1,736.32)	(2694.16)	(942.25)	(1402.44)
items & tax				
Exceptional items	213.04	330.58	-	4
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(1,949.36)	(3024.74)	(942.25)	(1402.44)
Provision for tax	-	_	-	_
Net Loss for the year/period	(1,949.36)	(3024.74)	(942.25)	(1402.44)
Other comprehensive income (net	19.52	(8.95)	(260.78)	0.25
of tax)	19.02	(0.55)	(200.70)	0.2.0
Total comprehensive income for	(1,929.84)	(3033.69)	(1,203.03)	(1402.19)
the year				
Net Profit attributable to the	(1,949.36)	(3024.74)	(942.25)	(1402.44)
shareholders of the Company				

Financial Results

The total income of the Company during the FY 2017-18 was INR 113.36 Lakhs mainly on account of membership related income and listing income and reversal of excess provision. The total expenses for the year was INR 1849.68 Lakh mainly on account of INR 752.01 lakhs employee cost, INR 268.03 lakhs computer technology expenses and INR 309.85 Lakhs depreciation.

Dividend

Your Directors have not recommended any dividend on the share capital of the Company for the Financial Year under review.

Transfer to Reserves

Your Company has not transferred any sum to reserves during the period starting from 1st April, 2017 to 31st March, 2018.

BUSINESS PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

State Of Company Affairs

India International Exchange IFSC Ltd. ('the Company') is India's first and leading international exchange. The Company was inaugurated by Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi on 9th Jan, 2017. As of March 2018, India International Exchange ranked #1 in equity derivatives traded, #1 in commodity derivatives traded #1 listing destination at India's first IFSC.

Primary Market

The Company set up India's first primary market platform, Global Securities Market, to raise foreign currency bond or Indian Rupee denominated bonds from global investors by both Indian and foreign issuers.

As on March 31st, 2018, the Company had established Medium Term Note programme by Indian issuers of an amount of USD17 Billion. 4 issuers had listed their international bonds in the Global Securities Market as of March 31st, 2018 since the launch of the platform on 13th January, 2018.

Secondary Market

The Company has been the market leader in the derivatives market at GIFT IFSC across equity and index derivatives and commodity derivatives. As on March, 31st, 2018, the market share of the Company was 83% in secondary market trading with a total cumulative trading turnover of more than USD24 Billion since launch. The Company achieved highest daily trading turnover of USD506.68 million as on March 26th 2018 for the reporting period.

For the period under consideration, the Company achieved zero operational downtime. The trading hours were made continuous 22 hours with zero operational error.

Future Outlook

Several policy developments happened during the period April 2017 to March 31st, 2018 which augur positive for IFSC in India in general and international exchanges at IFSC in particular. The new impetus received during the period include –

- No capital gains tax on derivatives, bonds, DRs traded at IFSC exchanges this
 makes the Company competitive with leading exchanges at global financial
 centers in terms of tax structure
- Single unified financial services regulator to be set up at IFSC
- No GST on dollar denominated services offered to foreign or IFSC entities
- Entry norm to set up at IFSC in India has been eased any entity, Indian or foreign, can become member of international exchanges at IFSC by setting up an IFSC unit
- Mutual Funds (MFs), Alternative Investment Fund (AIFs), Portfolio Management Services (PMS) at IFSC can invest in Indian securities listed at domestic bourses in addition to securities listed at IFSC exchanges
- Intermediaries registered with Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or its international associate to offer capital market intermediary services (except broking and clearing services) at IFSC with prior approval from SEBI. This has allowed participants at IFSC to leverage ecosystem available internationally for conducting business with immediate effect thereby providing head start for intermediaries to provide services at IFSC

With the host of measures initiated by the government, additional impetus is being perceived by exchange participant which is expected to translate to increased liquidity in times to come.

ISSUE OF SHARES, ETC.

The Company has further issued INR 20,00,00,000 (Rupees Twenty Crores only) Equity Shares of Rs. 1 each at par to BSE Limited on Preferential Basis on September 22, 2017. The above share allotment resulted in an increase in equity share capital of the Company from INR 55,00,00,000 (Rupees Fifty five Crores) to INR 75,00,00,000 (Seventy five Crores) as on March 31, 2018.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

During the year under review, the Company has not entered into any transactions pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Company has no subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL ("KMP")

> Appointments

Chairman

Shri Ashishkumar Chauhan was appointed as Chairman of the Company w.e.f. 8th February, 2017.

Managing Director

Shri Balasubramaniam Venkataramani was appointed as the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Company w.e.f. 8th February, 2017.

Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of Shri Anand Sinha (DIN: 00682433), Dr. Ajit Ranade (DIN: 00918651), Shri Ashishkumar Chauhan (DIN 00898469) and Shri Nehal Vora (DIN: 02769054).

Key Managerial Personnel

Shri Balasubramaniam Venkataramani, Managing Director & CEO, Shri Mayank Jain, Chief Financial Officer and Shri Nikhil Mehta, Company Secretary are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013.

Cessation

Shri Arunkumar Ganesan and Ms. Mansi Mehta resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, respectively w.e.f. June 08, 2017 and June 07, 2017, respectively due to pre-occupancy.

Shri Vallabh Dhamecha, Company Secretary of the Company also resigned w.e.f. November 14, 2017.

The Board places on record their appreciation for the invaluable contribution and guidance provided by them.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Directors are as per Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013. They have submitted a declaration that each of them meets the criteria of independence as provided in sub section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as Independent Director during the year.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS HELD DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

During the financial period starting from 1st April, 2017 to 31st March, 2018, five Board Meetings were held on following dates:

1.) April 21, 2017	2.) June 23, 2017	3.) July 21, 2017
4.) October 10, 2017	5.) January	10, 2018

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance and the Directors individually.

AUDITORS & AUDITOR'S REPORT

Statutory Auditors

The Statutory Auditors M/s. S. Panse & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 113470W), were appointed as the first Statutory Auditors of the Company at the First Board Meeting held on 15th September, 2016, to hold office till the conclusion of the First Annual General Meeting (AGM).

The Board hereby recommends appointment of M/s. S. Panse & Co. as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the period of four years from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the Sixth Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2022.

The Auditors have confirmed that, their appointment, if made, would be in accordance with the Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder and that they are not disqualified in terms of Section 141 of the Act.

The Report given by the Statutory Auditor on the financial statements of the Company is part of the Annual Report.

Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to provision of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule framed thereunder, M/s. Parikh Dave & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries firm were appointed to undertake Secretarial audit of the Company.

The Secretarial audit report is given as **Annexure I** to the Directors' Report.

Explanations or comments by the Board on qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made by auditors:

There has been no qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer given by the Statutory Auditor and Secretarial Auditor in their report. No instance of fraud has been reported by the Auditors under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013.

POLICY MATTERS

Company's Policy On Directors' Appointment And Remuneration Including Criteria For Determining Qualifications, Positive Attributes, Independence Of A Director And Other Matters

The provisions of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to IFSC Public Company vide exemption notification no. G.S.R. 08(E) issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 04th January, 2017.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 in relations to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company for a period of five years from the date of commencement of Business as per the exemption notification no. **G.S.R. 08(E)** dated 04th January, 2017 of Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

Vigil Mechanism Policy

The provisions in relation to the Vigil Mechanism Policy are not applicable to the Company.

Corporate Governance

The provisions related to Corporate Governance disclosure requirement are not applicable to the Company.

The Sexual Harassment Of Women At Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition And Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for every individual working in its premises through various policies and practices. The Company always endeavors to create and provide an environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment.

The Company has adopted a policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace against women employees which aims at prevention of harassment of women employees and lays down the guidelines for identification, reporting and prevention of undesired behavior. An internal complaints committee has been set up by the senior management (with women employees constituting the majority). This committee is responsible for redressal of complaints related to sexual harassment and follows the guidelines provided in the Policy.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, no complaints pertaining to sexual harassment have been received.

RISK MANAGEMENT MECHANISM

Risk Management is an enterprise wide function at the Company which covers major business and functional areas including strategy, operations, technology and

compliance. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis. Several risks can impact the achievement of a particular business objective. Similarly, a single risk can impact the achievement of several business objectives. The focus of risk management is to assess risks, deploy mitigation measures and review them, including the risk management policy on a periodic basis. This is done through periodic review meetings.

The risk in relation to internal control over financial recording and reporting is reviewed by the Board. The Company's internal control systems are commensurate with the nature of its business and the size and complexity of operations. These systems are routinely tested and certified by Statutory as well as Internal Auditors. The Board reviews adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal control environment and monitors the implementation of audit recommendations, including those relating to strengthening of the Company's financial risk management policies and systems.

During the period, the Company also initiated compliance with ISO 27001 Information Systems Security Risk Management framework with the objective of continuous improvement. The risk management framework determines the probability and magnitude of harm that could come to an information system and ultimately the Company itself in the event of a security breach. By determining the amount of risk that exists, the Company will be in a better position to determine how much of that risk should be mitigated and what controls should be used to achieve that mitigation. The scope of ISO 27001 risk management pertains to any information system of the Company and it applies to various assets like information asset, IT assets, Business and operation's process or procedure and or legal, regulatory and contractual requirements by which these assets are administered and/or maintained.

For each risk identified, risk Risk reduction can be achieved through the implementation of a managed system architecture that includes the following components:

- Operational
- Procedural
- Physical
- Personnel
- Technical security

The risk that the organization carries regarding the threat to its information is the result of a combination of factors. Any change to either of these factors will alter the risk profile.

Reviewing of Information Security on a regular basis is vital to ensure that the safeguards employed continue to offer the appropriate level of protection.

The Risk Assessment & Treatment Plan is reviewed at least once every year or in the event of any major changes brought about within the organization or any of its internal/external functional processes and also in the event a security incident takes place which could have an impact on the Risk Profile.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has maintained adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting.

These includes policies and procedures -

- Pertaining to the maintenance of records that is reasonably detailed, accurately and fairly reflects the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company,
- b. Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("IAS") notified under the Companies (IAS) Rules 2015 as amended from time to time, and that receipts and expenditures of the Exchange are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the Company, and
- c. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material impact on the financial statements. Such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of March 31, 2018.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

During the period under review the Company has entered into the transactions with related parties at arm's length price as referred to in sub section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 the details of which are provided in the financial statements of the Company.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

(A) Conservation of Energy

The Company is located at Gujarat International Finance Tech City (GIFT City), which is India's model smart city. The city's air-conditioning system runs on chilled water which is also used for offices located at GIFT City. This results in significant reduction in energy consumption. The Company also takes appropriate steps for conservation of energy in its day to day operations by switching off lights, taking advantage of natural light wherever possible.

(B) Technology Absorption

The Company started its operations on 16th Jan, 2017 and implemented the latest technologies for its operations. The company has not imported any technology during the year.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

None of the employees of the Company are drawing remuneration in excess of the limits as specified in sub-rule (2) of Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

DEPOSITS

Your Company did not accept any deposits within the meaning of provisions of Chapter V- Acceptance of Deposits by Companies of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to sub section (5) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors hereby confirm that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanations relating to material departures, if any;
- ii) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently, and have made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year 31st March, 2018 and of the losses of the Company for that period;
- they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

Extract Of Annual Return

The provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2017 regarding providing an extract of Annual Return in Board Report is specifically exempted by Ministry of Corporate Affairs through exemption notification dated 04th January, 2017.

Material Changes And Commitments, If Any, Affecting The Financial Position Of The Company Which Have Occurred Between The End Of The Financial Year Of The Company To Which The Financial Statements Relate And The Date Of The Report

There were no material changes and commitments that took place and had affected the financial position of the Company after the end of the financial period ended 31st March, 2017.

Change In The Nature Of Business

The Company has not undergone any changes in the nature of the business during the financial year.

Material Orders Passed By The Regulators Or Courts Or Tribunals Impacting The Going Concern Status Of The Company.

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We take the opportunity to express gratitude to the Bankers, Statutory Authorities, Service Providers and Stakeholders for the support and co-operation extended by them from time to time.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashishkumar Chauhan

DIN: 00898469 Chairman

Place: MVMBAI

Date: APRIL 23,2018

Note:

In this report:

(a) "Company" has been used to denote India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited

PARIKH DAVE & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES

5-D, 5th Floor, Vardan Exclusive, Next to Vimal House, Nr. Stadium Petrol Pump, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad – 380 014. +91-79-26405454, 2640 1122, info@parikhdave.com www.parikhdave.com

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED March 31, 2018

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
INDIA INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE (IFSC) LIMITED
(Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited)
CIN: U67190GJ2016PLC093684

1stFloor, Unit No. 101,
The Signature Building No.13B,
Road 1C, Zone 1, GIFT SEZ,
GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar – 382355

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by INDIA INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE (IFSC) LIMITED (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited), a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of BSE Limited (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

The Company is an IFSC (International Financial Service Centre) Company which has obtained necessary approval from Central Government for setting up its centre in SEZ. The Company mainly deals with the flows of finance, financial products and services across borders.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit; we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2018 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2018 according to the provisions of:

- * The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- 2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- 3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- 4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

AHMEDABAD MPANY SECRETAR

- 5) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') are not applicable to the Company as the Company's Securities are not listed on any Stock Exchange:
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employees Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

Following Standards / Clauses / Regulations were not subject to our examinations as the same are not applicable to the Company:

- i. Secretarial Standards with respect to the Meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee Meetings of the Board (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- ii. The Listing Agreements and Uniform Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange(s).

During the audit period under review, the Company has complied with all material aspects of the applicable provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. as mentioned above.

We further report that:

During the audit period under review with reference to the industry Specific Acts / laws and Regulations, the Company being an IFSC Company, we have relied upon management representation issued to us.



We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted. The changes in the composition of Board that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance of the provisions of Act.

Adequate notice is given to all the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings at least seven days in advance except for the Board meeting held at shorter notices in due compliances of law. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent well in advanced and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the meetings of Board of Directors of the Company were carried unanimously. We were informed that there were no dissenting views of the members' on any of the matters during the year that were required to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that:

Based on the review of compliance mechanism established by the Company, the information provided by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit, there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines as follows:

- Special Economic Zone Act. 2005 and Special Economic Zone Rules, 2006;
- Foreign Exchange Management (International Financial Services Centre) Regulations, 2015;
- Securities and Exchange Board of India (International Financial Services Centres) Guidelines, 2015;
- Securities Contracts (Regulation) (Stock Exchanges and Clearing Corporations) Regulations, 2012;
- Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 2013.

We further report that:

The compliance by the Company of the applicable financial laws like Direct and Indirect Tax laws, as may be applicable to the Company has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to the review by the Statutory Auditor(s) and other designated professionals.

We further report that:

During the Audit period under review, the events having major bearing on the Company's Affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, Rules, Regulations, guidelines, Standards etc. are as mentioned below:

• The Authorised share capital of the Company has been increased from Rs. 55,00,00,000/- consisting of 55,00,00,000 equity shares of Re. 1/- each to Rs. 75,00,00,000/- consisting of 75,00,00,000 equity shares of Re. 1/- each by passing of special resolution at Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on 29/08/2017.





• The Company has issued and allotted 20,00,00,000 equity shares of Re. 1/- each for cash at par to BSE Limited on preferential basis in compliance of provisions of Section 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 including the Rules framed thereunder.

There were no other instances of:

- a) Public issue / Right issue of Shares / Debentures / Sweat Equity etc.
- b) Redemption / Buy Back of Securities.
- c) Merger / amalgamation / Reconstruction etc.
- d) Foreign Technical Collaboration.
- * The Company being an IFSC Company is exempted from complying with certain provisions of Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to the Notification issued by MCA dated January 4, 2017.

FOR PARIKH DAVE & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES

AHMEDABAD **

**COMPANY SECRETARIES*

UDAY DAVE PARTNER

PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY FCS No. 6545 C. P. No.: 7158

Place: Ahmedabad Date: April 17, 2018

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure – A and forms an integral part of this report.

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ANNEXURE - A

To,
The Members,
INDIA INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE (IFSC) LIMITED
(Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited)
CIN: U67190GJ2016PLC093684

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices followed by us provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

MPANYSECRETAL

FOR PARIKH DAVE & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES

Place: Ahmedabad Date: April 17, 2018 PARTNER
PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY
FCS No. 6545 C. P. No.: 7158

S. Panse & Co.

Chartered Accountants .

9. Three View Society. Veer Savarkar Marg, Mumbai - 400 025. Tel / Fax: 2437 0483 / 84 Email: admin@panse.in

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited) (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2018, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the cash flow statement and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as 'the financial statements').

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (herein after referred to as 'the Act') with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, and cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Ind AS, of the Financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2018 and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year then ended.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of cash flow and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder;
- (e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the director is disqualified as on 31 March 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

- (f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B; and
- (g) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us we state that:
 - (i) there is no pending litigation against the Company
 - (ii) there are no material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contract where provision is required to be made by the Company under any law or accounting standards
 - (iii) there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S. Panse & Co. Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 113470W)

Supriya Panse

Partner

Membership No.: 46607

April 23, 2018

Annexure - A to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year March 31, 2018, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified once every year which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its asset. Pursuant to the program, the fixed assets were verified during the year. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the examination of registered lease deed provided to us in respect of immovable property of office premise that has been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset, the lease agreement is in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The Company is a service company, primarily in the business of stock exchange.

 Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Hence reporting under paragraph

 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iv) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investment or provided any guarantee or security in terms of provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act. Hence reporting under paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable
- (v) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from public and therefore, reporting under paragraph 3 (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under

section 148(1) of the Act in respect of rendered by the Company. Hence reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

- (vii) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Value Added Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise duty, Cess and other material statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Value Added Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise duty, Cess and other material statutory dues as applicable in arrears as at March 31, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) There were no material dues of Income Tax, Sales tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Duty of customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added tax as applicable that were not deposited by the Company on account of dispute.
- (viii) To the best of our knowledge and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, banks, government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under paragraph 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised monies by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans and hence reporting under clause paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In terms of Notification No G.S.R. 08(E) dated January 4, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under section 462 of the Act, the provisions of section 197 in respect of payment of managerial remuneration are not applicable to the Company. Hence reporting under clause paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xii) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Hence reporting under the paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xiii) In terms of Notification No G.S.R. 08(E) dated January 4, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under section 462 of the Act, the provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 188 of the Act, as applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv) The Company made preferential allotment of shares during the year as mentioned in Note 10 to the financial statements and to the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the amounts raised were used for the purpose for which they were raised.

(xv) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and thus provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. Hence reporting under paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45 -IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For S. Panse & Co.
Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 113470W)

Supriya Panse

Partner

Membership No.: 46607

April 23, 2018

Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited) ("the Company") as of 31 March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's Internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2018, based on the Internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S. Panse & Co. Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 113470W)

Supriya Panse

Partner

Membership No.: 46607

April 23, 2018



INDIA INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE (IFSC) LIMITED

Financial Statement for the Year ended March 2018

India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited) Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018 As at March 31, 2018 As at March 31, 2017 Particulars Note No. (USD) (Rs) (USD) (Rs) Audited Audited Audited Audited ASSETS Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 3 20,22,43,376 31,09,327 20,71,36,765 31.94.652 85,92,930 1.32.528 Other intangible assets 1,30,50,773 2.00.645 84.899 Intangible assets under development 24,68,098 37.945 55,04,732 Financial assets (i) Other Financial Assets 37,85,241 58.195 26.13.385 40,306 В 2,266 27,751 428 Non-current tax assets (net) 1,47,390 34,08,378 22,38,75,563 34,52,813 22,16,94,878 Total 2 Current assets Financial assets 15,97,11,104 24,55,428 37,23,03,825 57,42,009 5 (i) Cash and cash equivalents 17,75,25,513 27,29,310 (ii) Bank Balance other than above (i) 5 28,594 441 11,50,760 17,692 (III) Trade Receivables 7 1,14,71,048 14,15,297 21,828 1,76,358 (b) Other financial assets 8 50,85,863 78,191 32,84,788 50,661 Other assets 54,56,979 37,70,32,504 58,14,939 35,49,44,288 Total 57,66,39,166 88,65,357 60,09,08,067 92,67,752 Tatal Assets EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity 1 a. Equity share capital 10 75,00,00,000 1,11,49,981 54,99,99,994 80.29,370 (14,02,190) Other equity 11 (31,32,87,147) (44,35,877) (12,03,02,920) 66.27.180 42.96.97.074 Total 43,67,12,853 67.14.104 LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Financial liabilities 2,94,064 4,521 3,23,091 4,983 (i) Other financial llabilities 13 62,20,623 95,637 49,40,312 76,194 14 **Provisions** 1,00,158 52,63,403 81,177 65,14,687 Total Current liabilities Financial liabilities (i) Trade payables a. Total outstanding dues of micro 12 26,343 405 enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditor 12 1,30,93,049 2,01,295 2,67,34,836 4,12,329 other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 20,46,352 (ii) Other financial liabilities 13 10,41,65,070 16,01,453 13.26.82,599 14 68,76,462 1,05,720 42.39.472 65,385 Provisions 35,329 Other liabilities 15 92,50,702 1,42,222 22.90.683 Ċ. 25,59,395 13,34,11,626 20,51,095 16,59,47,590 60,09,08,067 92,67,752

In terms of our report attached

Total Equity and Liabilities

For S. Panse & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 113470W

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

88,65,357

57,66,39,166

iupriya Panse Partner

Membership No.: 46607

Date: April 23,2018 Place: Mumbal

Ashishkungar Chauhan Chairman)

Chief Financial Officer

Balasubramaniam Venkataramani Managing Director & CEO

MEVITE Middle Mehta

Company Secretary



India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited) Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars	Note No.	For the ended Marc	1	From September	
		(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
		Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
1 Revenue from operations	16	28,02,366	43,483	- 1	- [
2 Investment Income		25,33,427	39,310		- 1
3 Other Income		60,01,020	93,115	3,225	48
4 Total revenue (1+2+3)		1,13,36,813	1,75,908	3,225	48
5 Expenses				3 03 00 035	4 27 007
Employee benefits expense	17	7,52,01,481	11,66,866	2,87,55,035	4,27,987 8,66,005
Administration and other expenses	18	7,87,81,596	12,22,417	5,81,84,018 134	8,00,000
Finance costs	1	387	4,80,783	72,89,421	1,08,495
Depreciation and amortisation expenses		3,09,85,214	4,80,763	12,05,421	1,00,12
Total expenses		18,49,68,678	28,70,072	9,42,28,608	14,02,489
6 Profit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5)		(17,36,31,865)	(26,94,164)	(9,42,25,383)	(14,02,441)
7 Exception Items - LES Expenditure (Refer nate 30)		2,13,04,441	3,30,571	-	_
8 Tax expense: Current tax and Deferred tax		-			-
9 Profit / {loss} for the year/period from continuing operations (6 - 7 - 8)		(19,49,36,306)	(30,24,735)	(9,42,25,383)	(14,02,441)
10 Profit from discontinuing operations		-	-	-	-
11 Tax expenses of discontinuing operations		.	- '	- 1	-
12 Profit from discontinuing operations (after tax) (10+11)			•	-	-
13 Profit / (loss) for the year/period (9+1.2)		(19,49,36,306)	(30,24,735)	(9,42,25,383)	(14,02,441)
14 Other comprehensive income A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(5,76,933)	(8,952)	16,864	251
(i) Foreign Currency translation reserve		25,29,012	-	(2,60,94,401)	-
Total other comprehensive income for the year/period		19,52,079	(8,952)	(2,60,77,537)	251
15 Total comprehensive income for the year/period (13+14)		(19,29,84,227)	(30,33,687)	(12,03,02,920)	(14,02,190)
16 Earning per equity share: Basic and Diluted before exceptional items Basic and Diluted after exceptional item Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.)	20	(0.265) (0.298) 1 65,41,09,586	(0.004) (0.005) NA 65,41,09,586		(0.004) (0.004) NA 33,42,23,875
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements		1			

in terms of our report attached

For S. Panse & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 113470W

Supriya Panse Partner

Membership No.: 46607

Date: April 23,2018

Place: Mumbai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Chairman

Mayank Jain Chief Financial Officer Balasubramaniam

Venkataramani

Managing Director & CEO

Nikhil Mehta Company Secretary

India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited) Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2018

	For the year ended	March 2018	From September	
E-stanlana			period ended Mar	ch 31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
A. Cash flow from operating activities				
Profit / (loss) for the year/period	(1949,36,306)	(30,24,735)	(942,25,383)	(14,02,441)
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	309,85,214	4,80,783	70,34,663	1,08,495
Foreign Currency translation reserve	25,29,012	-	(260,94,401)	-
Remeasurement of Defined benefit Plan	(5,76,933)	(8,952)	16,864	251
Interest Income on Fixed deposits	(25,33,427)	(39,310)	-	-
Adjustments for Changes in operating Liability and Assets				
Trade payable	(136,15,444)	(2,10,629)	267,34,836	4,12,329
Trade Receivables	(11,22,166)	(17,251)	(28,594)	(441
Provisions	39,17,301	59,778	91,79,784	1,41,579
Other Liabilities	69,60,019	1,06,893	22,90,683	35,329
Other Financial Liabilities	332,77,439	5,08,310	677,95,759	10,45,608
Other Financial Assets	(112,27,607)	(1,72,419)	(40,28,682)	(62,134
Other Assets	(18,01,075)	(27,530)	(32,84,788)	(50,661
Ogici i bacca	(1481,43,973)	(23,45,062)	(146,09,259)	2,27,914
Taxes paid	(1,19,639)	(1,838)	(27,751)	(428
Net cash generated (Used in) operating activities	(1482,63,612)	(23,46,900)	(146,37,010)	2,27,486
3. Cash flow from investing activities				
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets	1000 07 0001	40 70 202	(1 C20 F0 1F0)	(25,14,84
Turdinada or rispertiji introduciji introd	(893,37,029)	(13,70,292)	(1630,59,159)	(23,14,04
Increase in Fixed deposits with banks	(1749,92,086)	(26,90,000)	•	-
Net cash generated (Used in) investment activities	(2643,29,115)	(40,60,292)	(1630,59,159)	(25,14,84)
C. Cash flow from financing activities				
Proceeds from allotment of equity share	2000,00,006	31,20,611	5499,99,994	80,29,37
Net cash generated from financing activities	2000,00,006	31,20,611	5499,99,994	80,29,37
D. Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2125,92,721)	(32,86,581	3723,03,825	57,42,00
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year/period				
In current account - Owned	865,38,443	13,30,458	3191,36,173	49,22,00
In current account - Owned In current account - Member fund	721,98,951			8,05,03
In current account - Weinber Tono	9,73,710	1 ' '	1	14,97
III COHER ACCOURT - CARIAN NEO	1597,11,104			57,42,00
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year/period	3723,03,825	57,42,009		
Changes in cash and cash equivalents	(2125,92,721)	(32,86,581	3723,03,825	57,42,00
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year/period	1597,11,104	24,55,428	3723,03,825	57,42,00
				F7 40 00
Cash and bank balance (Refer note 5)	1597,11,104	24,55,428	3723,03,825	57,42,00
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements				

Notes:

Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances in current account with banks.

The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard - 7 "Cash Flow Statement".

In terms of our report attached

For S. Panse & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 113470W

Jupianlas

Supriya Panse Partner

Membership No.: 46607

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors:

Ashishkumar Chauhan Chairman Balasubramaniam Venkataramani Managing Director & CEO

milatin

Máyank Jain Chief Financial Officer Nikhii Mehta Company Secretary

Date: April 23,2018 Place: Mumbal

Particulary (1992) Particulary Particu		Statement of chang	ges in Equity for the Y	Statement of changes in Equity for the Year ended March 31,2018	,2018			
Period P	A. Equity Share, Gapital							
St. 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40	Particulars	(83)	(asn)					
Sec. 92-92-92-94 St. 92-92-970	Balance at September 12, 2016		,					
Secret S	Changes in Equity Share Capital During the period	54,59,99,994	80,29,370					
Near 20,00,0006 114,49,861 144,49,49,861 144,49,49,49,49,49,49,49,49,49,49,49,49,4	Balance as at March 31,2017	54,89,99,994	30,29,370					
75,00,00,000 1,11,49,981 Liquidity Retained earning Retained Reta	Changes in Equity Share Capital During the year	20,00,00,006	31,20,611					
Reserve & Surplus Reserve & Surplus Retained serting Enhancement	Balance as at March 31,2018	75,00,00,00	1,11,49,981					
Retained earning Retained earning Enhancement Enha	8. Other Equity Particulars	Reserve	a & Surplus			Items of Other Comprehensive	Total Other equity	Total Other equity
(Refer note no 30) (Sefer note note no 30) (Sefer note note note note note note note note		Retained earning	Retained earning	tiquidity Enhancement Scheme (LES) Reserve		income Foreign Currency transaltion reserve		
(19,42,22,383) (14,02,441) (18) (19) (19) (19) (19,43,283) (14,02,441) (19,43,283) (14,402,431) (19,43,26) (19,43,242) (19,43,2,427) (19,53) ((Refer note no 30)	- 1			1000
(9.42.22.383)	**************************************	(Rs)	(asn)	(Fs)	(OSD)	(Rs)	HS)	iden
(9.42.22.383) (14.02.441) (15.644) (15.644) (15.644) (14.02.180) (15.632.305) (1	Salance at September 12, 2016						1545 75 55 57	14 00 4 10
(9.42.08.519)	Profit / (Loss) for the period	(9,42,25,383)	(14,02,441)			12 CO ON ADIS	(45, 47, 48, 5)	124,204,744
(15,43,52,505) (30,24,735) (5,539) (5,553) (5,539) (5,553) (5,539) (5,554) (7,06,509) (4,51,52,427) (7,06,509) (2,13,0441) (3,53,42,441) (3,53	Other Comprehensive Income	16,354				(2,60,94,401)	(12,03,02,920)	(14,02,190)
(4,51,5,933) (9,952) (7,06,309) (4,51,52,427 7,06 309) (2,13,04,441 3,30,571 (2,13,04,441) (3,50 3,73 (3,13,6,931) (3,13,6	Profit / (Loss) for the Year ended March 2018	(19,49,36,305)				-	(19,49,36,305)	(30,24,735)
(4,51,52,427) (7,06,309) 4,51,52,427 7,06 7,135,427 7,005 7,135,4441 3,30,571 (2,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (3,13)04,4441 (48,11,615)	Other Comprehensive Income for the Year ended March 31, 2018	(5,76,933)				25,29,012	19,52,079	(8,952)
2,13,04,441 3,30,571 (2,13,04,441) (3,50)	add/(less) : Liquidity Enhancement Scheme (1,75) Reserve	(4,51,52,427)	(605'90'2)	4,51,52,427		*	,	
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Admishipping at Chauhan Chairman C	Add/(less): LES expenditure incurred during the Year	2,13,04,441	3,30,571	(2,13,04,441)		-	{	
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Adhishlub ar Chauban Chairman Chai	Balance as at March 31,2018	(31,35,69,744)	(48,11,615)	2,38,47,986	3,75,738	(2,35,65,389)	(31,32,87,147)	(44,35,877)
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Asherboldar Chautan Chairman	in terms of our report attached							
Achithicher Chauban Achithicher Chauban Achithicher Chauban Chairman Chairman Chauban Chairman Chauban Chairman	For S. Panse & Co.	For and on behalf	of the Board of Directs	£				
ACHINITIES Chauthan Chairmann Chairm	THIS TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF T		<u> </u>			000	1. S. C.	\mathcal{C}
Chef France Chef France Officer	8 H2	Ashishiyay ar Chan	than		7	Balasubramaniam Veni	kataramani	
Impality Jain Ottef Finandal Officer	N S	Chairman Chairman	, ,			Managing Director & C	9	SALBIL
Cities initiation control of the cities in t	Date: April 23, 2018	mayank Jain	i	•		Mikhil Mehra Company Secretary		
	race: wumpal							

change //

(Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited)

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

1. General Information

India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited ("Exchange")) was incorporated in September 2016, to carry on business as a stock exchange and to assist, regulate, control and/or otherwise associate with the business of buying, selling and dealing in debt securities, currency derivatives, index based derivatives, commodities derivatives, and such other securities/derivatives/products of any kind as may be permitted by Securities and Exchange Board of India or any other concerned authorities from time to time in primary as well as secondary market, to facilitate investment, hedging, trading and other related requirements to the community at large as may be permitted under the applicable Law, to facilitate and regulate financial services relating to securities and capital market in International Financial Services Centres, set up under Special Economic Zones Act, 2005, and to provide specialized, advanced, automated and modern facilities and mechanism for trading of securities/derivatives/products/instruments to ensure trading and to facilitate, promote, assist, regulate and manage dealings in securities, derivatives, products and instruments in accordance with the framework/business manual.

The financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on April 23, 2018.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statement

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards on date of incorporation i.e. September 12, 2016. The company has commenced its operation from January 16, 2017.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

United State Dollars (USD) is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees. The presentation currency is different from functional currency to complete with Income tax and other statutory law.



(Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited)

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

2.3 Foreign exchange Translation Reserve

For the Purpose of Preparation of financial statements in Indian rupees, income and expenses are translated at average rates and the assets and liabilities except equity share capital are stated at closing rate. The net impact of such changes is presented under foreign exchange translation reserve.

2.4 Use of Estimates and Judgment

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

- a. Income taxes: The Company's tax jurisdiction is in India. Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including the amount expected to be paid or recovered in connection with uncertain tax positions. Company income is fully exempt from income tax for initial period of five years, 50% exempt for subsequent five years.
- b. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.
- c. Defined employee benefit obligation determined based on the present value of future obligations using assumptions determined by the Company with advice from an independent qualified actuary.
- d. Other estimates: The preparation of financial statements involves estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Specifically, the Company estimates the probability of collection of accounts receivable by analyzing historical payment patterns, customer status, customer credit-worthiness and current economic trends. If the financial condition of a customer deteriorates, additional allowances may be required.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

2.5 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. Transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset (other than financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss) are included in the fair value of the financial assets. Purchase or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trade) are recognised on trade date. While, loans and borrowings and payable are recognised net of directly attributable transactions costs.

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial instruments of the Company are classified in the following categories: financial assets comprising amortised cost, financial assets (debt instruments) at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI), equity instruments at FVTOCI and fair value through Profit and Loss account (FVTPL), financial liabilities at amortised cost or FVTPL.

The classification of financial instruments depends on the objective of the business model for which it is held. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

Financial assets

- a. Financial assets at amortised cost: A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:
- i. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- ii. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. Financial assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment loss.

Amortised cost are represented by investment in interest bearing debt instruments, trade receivables, security deposits, cash and cash equivalents, employee and other advances and eligible current and non-current assets.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks which san be withdrawn at any time without prior notice or penalty on the principal.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

b. Equity instruments at FVTOCI and FVTPL:

All equity instruments are measured at fair value other than investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and associate. Equity instruments held for trading is classified as FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value in OCI. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividend are recognised in OCI which is not subsequently recycled to statement of profit and loss.

c. Financial assets at FVTPL:

FVTPL is a residual category for financial assets. Any financial asset which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortised cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL in addition the Company may elect to designate the financial asset, which otherwise meets amortised cost or FVOCI criteria, as FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. The Company has not designated any financial asset as FVTPL Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair values with all changes in the statement of profit and loss

Financial liabilities

(a) Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost represented by trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(b) Financial liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL represented by contingent consideration are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

a. Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

b. Depreciation: The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful lives on a Straight Line method basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the lower



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

of estimated useful life or lease term. The estimated useful lives of assets of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Category	Useful lives
Leasehold premises	30 years
Plant and Equipments	15 years
Electrical installations	10 years
Networking Equipments – Owned	6 years
Computers Hardware – Owned	3 years
Furniture, fixtures	10 years
Office equipments	5 years
Motor vehicles	8 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or disposition of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Amounts paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each reporting date and the cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work- in-progress.

2.7 Other Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives on a "Straight Line method", from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The estimated useful lives of intangibles are as follows:

Category	Useful lives
Computer software	6 years





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.8 Leases

Assets leased by the Company in its capacity as a lessee, where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership vest in the Company are classified as finance leases. Such leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments and a liability is created for an equivalent amount. Each lease rental paid is allocated between the liability and the interest cost so as to obtain a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding liability for each year.

Lease arrangements where the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vest with the lessor are recognised as an operating lease. Lease rentals under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis except where the lease payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation.

2.9 Impairment

a. Financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivable.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL lifetime ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

- i. All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.
- ii. Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivable based on a detailed analysis of trade receivable by individual departments. ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivable: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

b. Non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the amount of impairment loss. An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

2.10 Employee benefit

The Company participates in various employee benefit plans. Post-employment benefits are classified as either defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans.

Defined Contribution Plan

Under a defined contribution plan, the Company's only obligation is to pay a fixed amount with no obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the employee. The expenditure for defined contribution plans is recognized as expense during the period when the employee provides service.

Defined benefit Plan

Under a defined benefit plan, it is the Company's obligation to provide agreed benefits to the employees. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the Company. The present value of the defined benefit obligations is calculated using the projected unit credit method.

The Company has the following employee benefit plans:

a. Gratuity

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Company provides for a lump sum payment to eligible employees, at retirement or termination of employment based on the last drawn salary and years of employment with the Company. The Company's obligation in respect of the gratuity plan, which is a defined benefit plan, is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognized in full in the other comprehensive income for the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unreognised past service cost.

b. Compensated absences

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilised accumulating compensated absences and utilise it in future periods or receive cash at retirement or termination of employment. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absences as the additional amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period. The Company recognizes accumulated compensated absences based on accuarial valuation. Non-

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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

accumulating compensated absences are recognized in the period in which the absences occur. The Company recognizes actuarial gains and losses immediately in the Other Comprehensive Income.

2.11 Provisions and Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset, if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of lower of the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract and is adjusted to the cost of such assets.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes. Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

2.12 Revenue Recognition:

The Company derives revenue primarily from Services to Corporate and Securities Services. The Company recognizes revenue when the significant terms of the arrangement are enforceable, services have been delivered and the collectability is reasonably assured. The method for recognizing revenues and costs depends on the nature of the services rendered:

a. Time and service contracts

Revenues and costs relating to time and service contracts are recognized as the related services are rendered.

Annual / monthly Fee contracts



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Revenue from Annual / monthly fee contracts is recognized ratably over the period of the contract using the percentage of completion method. When services are performed through an indefinite number of repetitive acts over a specified period of time, revenue is recognized on a straight line basis over the specified period or under some other method that better represents the stage of completion.

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers by reducing the amount of revenue recognized at the time of sale. Revenues are shown net of applicable discounts and allowances.

2.13 Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on the date that the Company's right to receive payment is established.

2.14 Finance income and expense

Finance income consists of interest income on funds invested, dividend income and gains on the disposal of FVTPL financial assets. Interest income is recognized as it accrues in the statement of profit and loss, using the effective interest method.

Finance expenses consist of interest expense on loans, borrowings and finance lease. Borrowing costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss using the effective interest method.

2.15 Taxation

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a. Current income tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and applicable for the period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

b. Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

The Company recognises interest levied and penalties related to income tax assessments in income tax expenses.

2.16 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit/loss after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic EPS and also weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares, as appropriate.





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

2.17 Current and Non-current classification

The company present assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification

Assets: An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. It is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- b. It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- d. it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities: A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) It is expected to be settled in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded; it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (c) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

2.18 Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

2.19 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.20 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand, book overdraft and are considered part of the Company's cash management system.





india International Exchange (IFSC) Limited Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2018

3. Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Leasehold Premises and Improvements	Plant and equipments Electrical installations	Electrical installations	Computers - Hardware and networking	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Motor Vehicle	Total
Gross block				,				200 50 00
Balance as at April 01, 2017	14,09,214	6,58,076	3,55,620	3,79,821	R/C/6/	4,14,181	, ,	32,31,037
Additions during the year	92,470	1,46,307	53,681	35,524	2,093	5,604	206,62	3,51,107
Deductions / adjustments	1	ı	•		(208)	(0)	-	0/7-
Balance as at March 31, 2018	15,01,684	8,04,383	4,09,301	4,15,345	81,466	4,20,321	25,508	36,58,008
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			1	6	0	200	•	1 02 445
Balance as at April 01, 2017	14,886	28,911	598'/	150,15	700'	100,0		776 08 7
Depreciation for the year	50,782	1,28,278	40,096	1,34,648	8,077	84,286	, ,	\$ 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Deductions / Adjustments	1	4	,		100	1 04 044	7.0	F 48 681
Balance as at March 31, 2018	65,568	1,57,189	48,079	1,65,679	10,025	1,01,944	76	0,46,001
Net book value								
Balance as at March 31, 2018	14,35,016	6,47,194	3,61,222	2,49,666	71,441	3,18,377	25,411	31,09,327
Balance as at March 31, 2017	13,94,328	6,29,165	3,47,637	3,48,790	77,626	3,97,106		31,94,652
								Amount in Rs
	Leaschold Premises	Plant and equipments Electrical installations	Efectrical installations	Computers -Hardware	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments		Total
Particulars	and Improvements			and networking equipments - owned				
Gross block								124 Of 40 x0
Balance as at April 01, 2017	9,13,71,463	4,26,68,727	2,30,57,903	2,46,27,062	51,55,791	2,68,94,208		401,27,75,13
Additions during the year	59,59,451	94,29,106	34,59,601	22,89,429	1,34,888	3,61,163	16,43,924	205,11,25,2
Deductions / adjustments	•		•	1	(13,276)	(112,4)	1 1	(9)*/1-
Currency Fluctuation	3,44,770	2,22,535	1,05,111	99,251	17,480	88,541	15,224	212,312
Balance as at March 31, 2018	9,76,75,684	5,23,20,368	2,66,22,615	2,70,15,742	52,98,883	2,73,39,401	16,59,148	23,79,31,841
Accumulated depreciation and impairment					,			9000
Balance as at April 01, 2017	9,65,187	18,74,549	5,17,506	20,12,006	1,25,630	11,45,411	1 .	550'5#100
Depreciation for the year	32,72,768	82,67,184	25,84,083	86,77,714	5,20,542	54,30,725	6,251	2,87,59,267
Deductions / Adjustments	•	τ		•	(322)	(193)	•	616
Currency Fluctuation	33,361	82,484	25,566	96,724	5,218	53,913	28	2,87,324
Balance as at March 31, 2018	42,71,316	1,02,24,217	31,27,255	1,07,76,444	6,52,068	66,30,856	608'9	3,56,88,465
Net book value								
Balance as at March 31, 2018	9,34,04,368	4,20,96,151	2,34,95,360	1,62,39,298	46,46,815	2,07,08,545	16,52,339	075,45,45,00
Balance as at March 31, 2017	9,04,06,276	4,07,94,178	2,25,40,297	2,26,15,056	50,33,161	2,57,47,797	-	20,/15,155,185





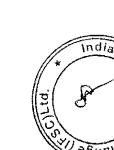
4. Other intangible assets

(In USD)

		(חנט ווו)
Particulars	Software	Total
Gross block		
Balance as at April 01, 2017	1,38,578	1,38,578
Additions during the year	1,03,019	1,03,019
Deductions / adjustments	(355)	(355)
Balance as at March 31, 2018	2,41,242	2,41,242
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		
Balance as at April 01, 2017	6,050	6,050
Amortisation for the year	34,562	34,562
Deductions / Adjustments	-15.00	-15
Balance as at March 31, 2018	40,597	40,597
Net book value		
Balance as at March 31, 2018	2,00,645	2,00,645
Balance as at March 31, 2017	1,32,528	1,32,528

(In Rs)

Particulars	Software	Total
Gross block		
Balance as at April 01, 2017	89,85,204	89,85,204
Additions during the year	67,00,778	67,00,778
Deductions / adjustments	(23,091)	(23,091)
Currency Fluctuation	28,478	28,478
Balance as at March 31, 2018	1,56,91,369	1,56,91,369
Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as at April 01, 2017 Amortisation for the year Deductions / Adjustments Currency Fluctuation	3,92,274 22,27,431 -967 21,858	3,92,274 22,27,431 -967 21,858
Balance as at March 31, 2018	26,40,596	26,40,596
Net book value Balance as at March 31, 2018	1,30,50,773	1,30,50,773
Balance as at March 31, 2017	85,92,930	85,92,930



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Cash and cash equivalents	As at March 3	21 2018	As at March	31, 2017
b. Derley.	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Particulars	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
	Audiced	Hadrico	Planting	
alance with Banks		1		
Own Fund n Current Accounts	8,65,38,443	13,30,458	31,91,36,173	49,22,009
ECOTTERN ACCOUNTS				
Member Fund		1	-	
n Current Accounts	7,21,98,951	11,10,000	5,21,97,018	8,05,030
		1		
Farmarked Fund - Investor protection fund	270 740	14 070	9,70,634	14,970
n Current Accounts	9,73,710	14,970	9,70,034	14,510
		ļ	į į	
	15,97,11,104	24,55,428	37,23,03,825	57,42,009
Cash and cash equivalents	13,37,11,104	24,55,420	471201001423	27113-42
6. Bank Balances Other than above				
1. Daile Dataires Office Maintabase	As at March	31, 2018	As at March	31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Balance with Banks		1		
Own Fand		0,	1	
In Deposit account	16,12,64,488	24,79,310	-	
Member Fund	1 00 01 000	2,50,000		_
In Deposit account	1,62,61,025	2,30,000	-	
n the formation the state of	17,75,25,513	27,29,310		*
Bank Balances Other than above	1 23,53,23,23,2		.,	
7. Trade Receivables				
7. (lade receivables	As at March	31, 2018	As at Marci	n 31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Trade Receivables			25 524	
- Secured, considered good	11,50,760	17,692	28,594	441 441
Total Trade receivables	11,50,760	17,692	28,594	441
		 	*	
		<u> </u>		
8. Other financial assets				
O. Other analysis about	As at March	1 31, 2018	As at Marc	h 31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Non Current		l		0.074
Advance to staff	6,12,520	9,417	4,32,733 21,80,652	6,674 33,632
Deposits with public bodies and other parties	31,72,721			
Total (A)	37,85,241	58,195	26,13,385	40,306
Current	30,115	463	87,532	1,350
Deposits with public bodies and other parties	1,09,990	1	59,976	925
Advances to Staff Receivable from Group Companies	26,77,998		12,67,789	19,553
Receivable from Holding Companies	86,52,947	I.	-	7
Total (B)	1,14,71,048		14,15,297	21,828
\				
Total (A+B)	1,52,56,289	2,34,553	40,28,682	62,134
		<u></u>	L	
9. Other assets		h 31 2010	Ar at Ma-	ch 31, 2017
5 9 1	As at Marc	h 31, 2018 (USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Particulars	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
	Anoited	Audited	- Market	
Current Advance to Vandors	7,415	114	-	-
Advance to Vendors	24,44,487		I .	28,29
Prepaid Expenses	12,42,342			22,36
		1		
Cenvat receivable GST receivable	13,91,619	21,39	3	1 -
GST receivable	13,91,619	21,398	7	
	13,91,619 50,85,86			

Tional Exc.

10. Equity Share Capital

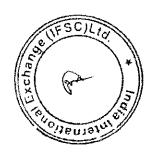
	As at March	31, 2018	As at Marc	h 31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Faltitutuis	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Equity Share Capital				
Equity state copy.		-		
Authorised share capital: 75,00,00,000 (Previous year - 55,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Re 1/- each with voting rights	75,00,00,000	Not Applicable	56,00,00,000	Not Applicable
Issued, Subscribed and fully Paid - up 75,00,00,000 (Previous year - 55,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Re 1/- each with voting rights	75,00,00,000	1,11,49,981	54,99,99,994	80,29,370
Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end	of the reporting p	eriad		
	As at March	31, 2018	As at Marc	h 31, 2017
Particulars	(RS)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
No. of shares at the beginning of the year	54,99,99,994	<u>-</u>	- 9,99,994	- -
Allotment (Subscription Money) Preferential allotment and subscription money	20,00,00,006	-	54,90,00,000	
No. of shares at the end of the year	75,00,00,000	-	54,99,99,994	
		<u></u>		<u>. </u>
11. Other equity	As at March	21 2018	As at Mar	ch 31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Retained earnings Balance at the beginning of the period Total Comprehensive Income during the year / period Less: Transfer to Liquidity Enhancement Scheme (LES) Reserve Add: LES expenditure incurred during the year	(12,03,02,920) (19,29,84,227) (4,51,52,427) 2,13,04,441	(30,33,687) (7,06,309) 3,30,571	(12,03,02,920)	
Closing Balance	(33,71,36,133)	(48,11,615)	(12,03,02,920)	(14,02,130)
Uquidity Enhancement Scheme (LES) Reserve (Refer note 30) Add: Transfer from Retained Earning Less: LES expenditure incurred during the year Closing Balance	4,51,52,427 (2,13,04,441) 2,38,47,986	3,75,738	(12,03,02,920)	(14,02,190)
Total	(32,32,01,141	1 (1/10/01/1/)		
12. Trade payables	As at Marc	h 31, 2018	As at Mar	rch 31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Total outstanding dues of micro, small and medium enterprises (A)	26,343	405	-	-
Payable to service providers	1,30,69,503	2,00,933	2,21,72,208 42,79,737	1
Payable to holding company Payable to Group Companies	23,546	362		1
Total outstanding dues of creditor other than micro, small and medium	1,30,93,049	i i	2,67,34,836	
enterprises (B)				
Total (A+B)	1,31,19,392	2,01,700	2,67,34,836	4,12,329
Disclosures required under section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Development Act,	2006		1
(a) Principal amount and interest thereon remaining unpaid at the end of year	26,343	405		-
Interest paid including payment made beyond appointed day		 	ļ. <u> </u>	 - -
(b) Interest due and payable for delay during the year / period (c) Amount of interest accrued and unpaid as at year end / period end	-	-	-	J.F.S
(d) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year / period	•	-	-	18
	L			1/0/

Onemann

	As at March 3	1,2018	As at March	31, 2017
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Non Current				
Finance lease obligations	2,94,064	4,521	3,23,091	4,983
Total (A)	2,94,064	4,521	3,23,091	4,983
Current				
Payable for fixed assets	30,62,862	47,089	4,16,29,688	6,42,051
Accrued employee benefits	1,26,13,222	1,93,918	1,55,98,741	2,40,578
Deposits from Members	8,84,59,976	13,60,000	5,21,97,018	8,05,030
Current maturities of finance lease obligations	28,880	444	2,32,57,022	3,58,691
Accrued Interest on finance lease obiligations	130	2	130	2
Total (B)	10,41,65,070	16,01,453	13,26,82,599	20,46,352
Total (A+B)	10,44,59,134	16,05,974	13,30,05,690	20,51,335

14.	Pı	O	/15	ion	5

	As at March :	31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(U5D)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Non Current				
Gratuity liability (Refer note 21,1.1)	62,20,623	95,637	49,40,312	76,194
Total (A)	62,20,623	95,637	49,40,312	76,194
Current				
Gratuity liability (Refer note 21.1.1)	1,20,657	1,855	79,038	1,219
Compensated Absences (Refer note 21.1.2)	67,55,805	1,03,865	41,60,434	64,166
Total (B)	68,76,462	1,05,720	42,39,472	65,385
Total (A+B)	1,30,97,085	2,01,357	91,79,784	1,41,579
15. Other liabilities		24 2010		5 24 2012
Particulars	As at March (Rs)		As at Marc	(USD)
Particulars	Audited	(USD) Audited	Audited	Audited
Current	Anatou	Fudited	Andrea	Addited
Own				
Statutory remittances	81,78,845	1,25,740	13,20,049	20,359
Advance Revenue	98,347	1,512	-	-
Earmarked				
Contribution payable to investor Protection Fund	9,73,710	14,970	9,70,634	14,970
Total	92,50,702	1,42,222	22,90,683	35,329



16. Income from Operations

Particulars		For the Year ended March 2018		ber 2015 to 2017
rasticulais	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Annual Subscription Fees from Members	18,04,527	28,000	-	_
Listing Fees	7,68,535	11,925	-	_
Charges Recovered	1,00,409	1,558	-	-
Processing Fees	1,28,895	2,000	-	
TOTAL	28,02,366	43,483	-	-

17. Employee benefits expense

Darticulare	1 '		1 1		1		From Septemb March 2	
raiticulais	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)				
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited				
Salaries, allowances and bonus	6,56,41,933	10,18,535	2,70,02,066	4,01,896				
Contribution to provident and other Funds	44,84,766	69,588	10,40,050	15,480				
Staff welfare expenses	3,64,257	5,652	2,21,515	3,297				
Compensated absences	47,10,525	73,091	4,91,404	7,314				
TOTAL	7,52,01,481	11,66,866	2,87,55,035	4,27,987				

18. Administration and other expenses

	For the Year	r ended	From September 2016 to		
Particulars	March 2	018	March 17		
Fatticums	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
	1				
Advertising and marketing expenses	31,95,947	49,590	11,56,955	17,220	
Travelling expenses	75,88,617	1,17,749	1,15,03,841	1,71,222	
Computer technology related expenses	2,68,03,029	4,15,890	1,12,60,625	1,57,602	
Data Feed Expenses	26,90,163	41,742	-	-	
Meeting ,seminar and event expenses	18,79,222	29,159	1,78,31,753	2,65,406	
SEBI Regulatory Fees	49,74,437	77,186	1,03,602	1,542	
Contribution to Investors Protection Fund	-	-	10,05,785	14,970	
Director Fees	3,00,260	4,659	1,21,070	1,802	
Bank charges	72,052	1,118	86,335	1,285	
Rent	1,98,369	3,078	3,00,123	4,467	
Professional Fee (Refer note below)	22,50,052	34,913	29,53,326	43,957	
Legal Fees	43,19,523	67,024	83,446	1,242	
Audit Fees	1,05,049	1,630	12,967	193	
Insurane	72,954	1,132	•	-	
Building repair and maintenance	65,65,514	1,01,874	23,94,467	35,639	
Stamp duty & registration fee	17,50,907	27,168	59,84,521	89,073	
Electricity expenses	87,51,119	1,35,787	9,33,022	13,887	
Printing and stationery expenses	10,84,908	16,834	79,482	1,183	
Postage and telephone expenses	4,07,372	6,321	7,40,195	11,017	
Sponsorship Charges	13,83,621	21,469	-	-	
Miscellaneous Expenses	20,85,775	32,364	4,98,593	7,421	
Foreign Exchange Loss	23,02,706	35,730	11,33,910	16,877	
TOTAL	7,87,81,596	12,22,417	5,81,84,018	8,66,005	

Note: Professional Fees includes payment to auditor Rs 69,424 (USD 1,077) towards Other services and Other reimbursement of expenses.

19. Exchange Rate :-

Amounts of Balance Sheet other than shareholder funds, LES reserve in these financial statements have been translated into Indian rupees at the closing rate as at 31 March 2018 which is 1 USD = Rs 65.0441, amount of Statement Profit and Loss at the average rate from 01 April 2017 to 31 March 2018 which is 1 USD = Rs 64.4474.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

20. Earnings Per Share

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 2018			
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Profit / (Loss) for the year/period	(19,49,36,306)	(30,24,735)	(9,42,25,383)	(14,02,441)
Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos)	65,41,09,586	65,41,09,586	33,42,23,875	33,42,23,875
Earnings per share basic and diluted before exceptional item	(0.265)	(0.004)	(0.282)	(0.004)
Earnings per share basic and diluted after exceptional item	(0.298)	(0.005)	(0.282)	(0.004)
Face value per equity share	1	NA	1	NA

21. Disclosure as required on "Employee Benefits" is as under:

21.1.1 Defined Benefit Plan - Gratuity

The Company offers its employees defined-benefit plans in the form of a gratuity scheme (a lump sum amount). Benefits under the defined benefit plans are typically based on years of service and the employee's compensation (generally immediately before retirement). The gratuity scheme covers substantially all regular employees.

In particular, there is a risk for the Company that any adverse salary growth or demographic experience can result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature the plan is not subject to any longevity risks.

i. The following tables set out the unfunded status of the gratuity plans and the amounts recognized in the Company's financial statements.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Change In benefit obligations				
Benefit obligations at the beginning	50,19,350	77,413	-	-
Current Service Cost	9,53,435	14,794	2,84,334	4,232
Past Service Cost	2,30,719	3,579		
Interest on defined benefit obligation	3,65,095	5,665	71,151	1,059
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	(2,68,488)	(4,166)	(1,83,151)	(2,726)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of	8,45,421	13,118	1,66,287	2,475



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Translation/ Forex impact	19,549	(246)	(11,846)	-
Net Liability assumed on transfer within Group companies	(8,23,801)	(12,665)	46,92,575	72,373
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	63,41,280	97,492	50,19,350	77,413
Current Provision (Refer note 14)	1,20,657	1,855	79,038	1219
Non-Current Provision (Refer note 14)	62,20,623	95,637	49,40,312	76,194

ii. Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 2018		From Septemb to period ended 2017	d March 31,
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Current Service Cost	9,53,435	14,794	2,84,334	4,232
Past Service Cost	2,30,719	3,579	-	-
Interest on net defined benefit obligations	3,65,095	5,665	71,151	1,059
Total Included in "Employee Benefit Expense"	15,49,249	24,038	3,55,485	5,291

iii. Amount recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 2018	For the Year Ended March 2018	From September 12, 2016 to perlod ended March 31, 2017 (Rs)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (USD)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	(2,68,488)	(4,166)	(1,83,151)	(2,726)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	8,45,421	13,118	1,66,287	2,475
Amount recognised in the Other	5,76,933	8,952	(16,864)	(251)



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

iv. Principle actuarial assumption

Assumptions	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Discount Rate	7.75%	7.40%
Salary escalation	7.00%	7.00%

- Discount Rate: The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.
- Salary Escalation Rate: The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.
- The Company has considered past service on account of benefit amendment.
- v. Sensitivity Analysis: The following table summarizes the impact in percentage terms on the reported defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assumption by 50 basis points:-

	For the \ March 3	rear ended 1, 2018	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017	
Particulars	Discount rate	Salary escalation rate	Discount rate	Salary escalatio n rate
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	(5.73)%	6.19%	(5.72)%	6.15%
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	6.18%	(5.79)%	6.15%	(5.76)%

Sensitivity for the significant actuarial assumptions is computed by varying one actuarial assumption used for the valuation of the defined benefit obligation by 50 basis points, keeping all other actuarial assumption constant.





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

vi. Maturity profile of defined benefit obligations

Maturity Profile	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Expected benefits for year 1	1,20,675	79,068
Expected benefits for year 2	1,31,124	86,089
Expected benefits for year 3	1,38,450	96,159
Expected benefits for year 4	1,46,586	1,06,398
Expected benefits for year 5	1,57,965	1,16,209
Expected benefits for year 6	1,70,635	1,25,866
Expected benefits for year 7	1,78,746	1,36,360
Expected benefits for year 8	1,93,446	1,44,204
Expected benefits for year 9	2,08,656	1,56,242
Expected benefits for year 10 and above	1,67,99,760	12,395,293

The weighted average duration to the payment of these cash flows is 11.89 years (previous period 11.86 years).

21.1.2 Defined Benefit Plan - Compensated absence

The liability for compensated absences as at the year ended March 31, 2018 is Rs 67,55,805 (USD-1,03,865) (2017: Rs 41,60,434 (USD-64,166)) as shown under current other financial liabilities. During the current year, provision for compensated absence amounting to Rs 47,10,525 (USD-73,091) (2017: Rs 4,91,404 (USD-7,314)) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Compensated absence in note 17 "Employee benefits expense".

For Principle actuarial assumption refer above iv table of assumption.

21.2 Defined Contribution Plan -- Provident Fund, Pension Fund and National Pension Scheme (NPS)

These are plans in which the Company pays pre-defined amounts to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. The Company offers its employees defined contribution plan in the form of provident fund and family pension fund. Provident fund and family pension fund cover substantially all regular employees. While both, the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the provident fund and National Pension Scheme, contributions into the family pension fund are made by only the Company. The contributions are based on a certain proportion of the employee's salary.





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

During the current year, provident fund contributions amounting to Rs 20,63,573 (USD-32,021) (2017:Rs 4,88,278 (USD-7,267) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Contributions to provident, gratuity and other funds in note 17 "Employee benefits expense".

During the current year, National pension scheme contributions amounting to Rs 8,71,944 (USD-13,529) (2017: Rs 1,96,324 (USD-2,922) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Contributions to provident, gratuity and other funds in note 17 "Employee benefits expense".

22. Segment Reporting

The Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director of the Company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108, Operating Segments. The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes. Accordingly, segment information has been presented for industry classes. The "Company" or the "Exchange" operates only in one Business Segment i.e. "Facilitating Trading in Securities and other related ancillary Services", hence does not have any reportable Segments as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segments". The reportable business segments are in line with the segment wise information which is being presented to the CODM.

23. Financial Instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.5 to the financial statements.

Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

- ➤ Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- ➤ Level 2 Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- > Level 3 Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at balance sheet date is as follows and the directors consider that the carrying amounts of below mentioned financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the balance sheet approximate their fair values.





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Financial Assets carried at amortised cost			·	
Other non-current financial assets	37,85,241	58,195	26,13,385	40,306
Cash and cash equivalents	15,97,11,104	24,55,428	37,23,03,825	57,42,009
Bank Balances	17,75,25,513	27,29,310	-	-
Trade Receivables	11,50,760	17,692	28,594	441
Other current financial assets	1,14,71,048	1,76,358	14,15,297	21,828
Total	35,36,43,666	54,36,983	37,63,61,101	58,04,584
Financial Liabilities carried at amortised				
cost				
Other non-current financial liabilities	2,94,064	4,521	3,23,091	4,983
Trade payables	1,31,19,392	2,01,700	2,67,34,836	4,12,329
Other current financial liabilities	10,41,65,070	16,01,453	13,26,82,599	20,46,352
Total	11,75,78,526	18,07,674	15,97,40,526	24,63,664

24. Related Party Transactions

1. Names of related parties and nature of relationship

Category of related parties	Name			
Holding Company	BSE Limíted			
Fellow Subsidiaries:	India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC)			
	Limited			
	Indian Clearing Corporation Limited			
	Marketplace Technologies Private Limited			
	BSE Investments Limited			
	BSE Ebix Insurance Broking Private Limited (w.e.f			
	March 15, 2018)			
	BSE Institute Limited			
	BSE CSR Integrated Foundation			
	BSE Sammaan CSR Limited			
	Marketplace Tech Infra Services Private Limited			
	BSE Skills Limited			
	BFSI Sector Skill Council of India			
	BIL Ryerson Technology start up Incubator			
	Foundation			
	Central Depository Services (India) Limited (upto			
	June 29, 2017)			
	CDSL Ventures Limited (upto June 29, 2017)			





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Category of related parties	Name
	CDSL Insurance Repository Limited (upto June 29,
	2017)
	CDSL Commodity Repository Limited (upto June 29, 2017)
Associate of Holding	Central Depository Services (India) Limited (w.e.f
	June 30, 2017)
	CDSL Ventures Limited (w.e.f June 30, 2017)
	CDSL Insurance Repository Limited (w.e.f June 30,
	2017)
	CDSL Commodity Repository Limited (w.e.f June 30,
	2017)
	Asia Index Private Limited
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Ashishkumar Chauhan – Non Executive
	Chairman
	Mr. Balasubramaniam Venkataramani - Managing
	Director and Chief Executive Officer
	Mr. Ajit Ranade – Independent Director
	Mr. Anand Sinha – Independent Director
	Mr. Nehal Vora – Director

2. Transactions with Related Parties

(a) BSE Ltd (Holding Company):

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (USD)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (Rs)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (USD)
Reimbursement/(Recovery) o	f Expenses/ Tra	nsactions		
Stamp duty & registration fee	ı	-	49,64,224	73,887
Travelling expenses	-	-	17,43,293	25,947
Professional Fee		-	14,13,170	21,033
Advertising and marketing expenses	-		11,56,955	17,220



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	For the Year	For the	From	From
	ended March	Year ended	September 12,	September
	31, 2018 (Rs)	March 31,	2016 to period	12, 2016 to
Danklandara		2018	ended March	period
Particulars		(USD)	31, 2017	ended
			(Rs)	March 31,
	ļ		<u> </u>	2017
				(USD)
Meeting and seminar	-		9,61,374	14,309
expenses				
Salaries, allowances and		-	5,58,321	8,310
bonus				
Miscellaneous Expenses		_	2,39,185	3,560
Legal Fees	_	-	83,446	1,242
Printing and stationery	-	-	26,641	397
expenses				
Staff welfare expenses	-		3,494	52
Computer Technology	26,16,445	40,598	-	-
related Expenses				
Reimbursement of Purchase	-	-	2,47,186	3,812
of Property, plant and			 	
equipments				
Purchase of Property, plant	~	_	12,34,205	19,035
and equipments				
Advance to Staff	3,10,846	4,779	505,028	7,789
Recovery of gratuity liabilities	(1,35,552)	(2,084)	(46,92,579)	(72,373)
Recovery of Compensated	(17,562)	(270)	(36,86,191)	(56,852)
absence liabilities				
Equity Share Capital	20,00,00,006	31,20,611	54,99,99,994	80,29,370

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (Rs)	As at March 31, 2018 (USD)	As at March 31, 2017 (Rs)	As at March 31, 2017 (USD)
Liability				
Payable (net)	-	_	42,79,737	66,006
Assets				
Receivable (net)*	86,52,947	1,33,032	-	

^{*} The above receivable does not include payable provision amounting to Rs 4,13,079 (USD 6,351) as at March 31, 2018.





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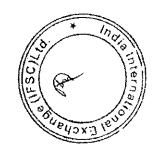
NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

(b) India International Clearing Corporations (IFSC) Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (USD)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (Rs)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (USD)
Recovery of Expenses/Transa			1	
Computer Technology	21,12,326	32,776	-	-
Related Expenses				
Electricity Expenses	12,90,564	20,025	91,508	1,362
Staff Welfare Expenses			38,968	580
Travelling Expenses	5,41,775	8,406	13,08,058	19,469
Property, Plant and Equipment's	4,447	68.38	37,606	580
Others	-	-	(1,30,196)	(2,008)
Salaries, allowances and bonus	5,80,913	9,014	-	_
Professional Fees	1,18,899	1,845	-	-
Receivable of Gratuity liability on account of employee transfer	9,59,353	14,749	•	-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (Rs)	As at March 31, 2018 (USD)	As at March 31, 2017 (Rs)	As at Mar 31, 2017 (USD)
Assets				
Receivable (net)*	26,77,996	41,172	12,67,789	19,553

* The above receivable does not include recovery provision amounting to Rs 3,41,456 (USD 5,250) as at March 31, 2018.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

(C) Marketplace Technologies Private Ltd (Fellow Subsidiary):

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (USD)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (Rs)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (USD)
Expenditure				
Computer technology related expenses	91,386	1,418	3,25,680	4,847
Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (Rs)	As at March 31, 2018 (USD)	As at March 31, 2017 (Rs)	As at Mar 31, 2017 (USD)
Liability				F***
Payable			2,82,891	4,363

(d) India Clearing Corporation Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (USD)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (Rs)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (USD)
Expenditure				
Rent for Guest house — Travelling Expenses	25,044	389		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (Rs)	As at March 31, 2018 (USD)	As at March 31, 2017 (Rs)	As at Mar 31, 2017 (USD)
Liability				
Payable*	23,546	362		

^{*} The above receivable does not include provision amounting to Rs 4,200 (USD 65) as at March



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 (e) Key Managerial remuneration:

Particular	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2018 (USD)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (Rs)	From September 12, 2016 to period ended March 31, 2017 (USD)
Salaries, allowances & bonus	and contribu	ition to Fun	ds	
Mr. Balasubramaniam Venkataramani - Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer*	2,17,32,637	3,37,215	40,00,515	59,543

^{*} The Company provides long term benefits in the form of Gratuity to Key managerial person along with all employees, cost of same is not identifiable separately and not disclosed.

25. Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2018 (March 31, 2017: Nil).

26. Capital Commitment

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account, not provided for amounting to Rs 1,11,79,455/- (USD - 1,71,875) (2017 : Nil).

27. Lease

27.1 Operating Lease: The Company has taken residential facilities and official facilities under cancellable operating lease. During the year ended March 31, 2018 rental expenses under cancellable operating lease is recorded Rs 1,98,369 (USD-3,078) (2017: Rs 3,00,123 (USD-4,467)).

27.2 Finance Lease -

During the previous period, Company has taken leasehold premises and improvements on lease term of 30 years. The minimum lease rentals along with their leased premium and the present value of minimum lease payments in respect of assets acquired under finance lease are as follows:

				Alliount mins
Particular	Payable not later than 1 year	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 year	Payable later than 5 year	Total
	L	L		





Amount in Re

(Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited)

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

30,382	60,764	3,49,326	4,40,472
2,32,57,430	60,764	3,79,766	2,36,97,960
1,501	6,403	1,09,623	1,17,528
305	4,151	1,13,391	1,17,847
imum Lease Payments			
28,881	54,361	2,39,703	3,22,944
2,32,57,125	56,613	2,66,3 <i>7</i> 5	2,35,80,113
	30,382 2,32,57,430 1,501 305 imum Lease Payments	30,382 60,764 2,32,57,430 60,764 60,764 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	30,382 60,764 3,49,326 2,32,57,430 60,764 3,79,766 1,501 6,403 1,09,623 305 4,151 1,13,391 simum Lease Payments 28,881 54,361 2,39,703

Amount in USD

Particular	Payable not later than 1 year	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 year	Payable later than 5 year	Total
Minimum Lease P	ayments			
March 31, 2018	467	934	5,371	6,772
March 31, 2017	358,697	937	5,858	3,65,492
Finance Charge				
March 31, 2018	23	98	1,685	1,807
March 31, 2017	4	64	1,750	1,818
Present value of I	Minimum Lease Payn	nents		
March 31, 2018	444	836	3,685	4,965
March 31, 2017	3,58,693	873	4,108	3,63,674

28. Financial Risk Management:

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets includes Cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of risks: Regulatory risk, Liquidity risk, Foreign Currencies risk.

Regulatory risk:

The Company requires a number of regulatory approvals, licenses, registrations and permissions to operate our business, including at a corporate level as well as at the level of each of it's components. For example, the Company have licenses from SEBI in relation to, among others, introducing derivatives contracts on various indices of the exchange, introduction of futures and options contracts on various indices of the exchange. Some of these approvals are required to be renewed from time to time. The Company's operations are subject to continued review and the governing regulations may change. The Company's regulatory team constantly monitors the compliance with these rules and regulations.



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 Foreign currency risk

United State Dollars (USD) is the functional currency of the Company, thus the Company's exchange risk arises from its foreign currency expenses. Currency other than USD is considered as foreign currency. Company is using Special Non-Resident Rupee account for discharging the liability of INR.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

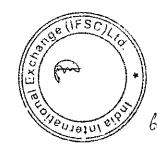
The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as follows.

Amount in Rs

Particulars	On Demand	Payable within 1 year	Payable more than 1 year and less than 5 year	Payable more than 5 year	Total		
Finance lease oblig	zation		,	·	L		
March 31, 2018		30,382	60,764	3,49,326	4,40,472		
March 31, 2017	-	2,32,57,430	60,764	3,79,775	2,36,97,969		
	Deposits from Members						
March 31, 2018	8,84,59,976	-	-	-	8,84,59,976		
March 31, 2017	5,21,97,018	-	-	-	5,21,97,018		
Trade Payables							
March 31, 2018	-	1,31,19,392	-	-	1,31,19,392		
March 31, 2017	-	2,67,34,836	-	-	2,67,34,836		
Other Financial liabilities							
March 31, 2018	-	1,56,76,084	-	-	1,56,76,084		
March 31, 2017	-	13,68,43,033	-	-	13,68,43,033		

Amount in USD

Particulars	On Demand	Payable within 1 year	Payable more than 1 year and less than 5 year	Payable more than 5 year	Total
Finance lease obli	gation				
March 31, 2018	-	467	934	5,371	6,772
March 31, 2017	-	3,58,697	937	5,857	3,65,492
Deposits from Me	mbers				
March 31, 2018	13,60,000				13,60,000
March 31, 2017	8,05,030	-	140	-	8,05,030



(Formerly known as BSE International Exchange (IFSC) Limited)

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Trade Payables					
March 31, 2018		2,01,700			2,01,700
March 31, 2017	-	4,12,329		-	4,12,329
Other Financial liabilitie	es.				
March 31, 2018	-	2,41,007	-	-	2,41,007
March 31, 2017	_	8,82,629	-	-	8,82,629

- 29. During the current period, The Company has not created any deferred tax provision. Deferred tax provision will be recognised based on the reasonable certainty.
- 30. Pursuant to SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/MRD/DSA/CIR/P/2017/95 dated August 10, 2017 (INDIA INX Circular no-20171017-1, dated October 17, 2017), the Company had launched Liquidity Enhancement Scheme (LES) to enhance liquidity in INDIA INX's Futures & Options Segment. LES was launched on November 01, 2017 and an expense of Rs 2,13,04,441 (USD 3,30,571) has been incurred towards the Scheme for the year ended March 31, 2018 considering the special nature of this expense and its impact on the Loss of the Company, the same has been recognised as an exceptional item. Further Pursuant to SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/MRD/DSA/CIR/P/2017/95 dated August 10, 2017, Company has created LES reserve of Rs 4,51,52,427 (USD 7,06,309) and incurred an expense of Rs 2,13,04,441 (USD 3,30,571) during the year, accordingly LES reserve balance as at March 31, 2018 is Rs 2,38,47,986 (USD 3,75,738). The same will not be form part of net worth of the Exchange.

31. Capital management:

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize shareholder value.

Particulars	As at	As at	As at	As at
	March 31,	March	March 31,	March 31,
	2018	31, 2018	2017	2017
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Net worth	43,67,12,853	67,14,104	42,96,97,074	66,27,180
Net worth of Exchange	41,28,64,867	63,38,366		
(Excluding LES Reserve)				
As percentage of total capital				
Current borrowings	-	• •	-	
Non-current borrowings	<u>-</u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total borrowings	-	-	_ !	•
As percentage of total capital	-	-	-	
Total Capital (borrowings and equity)	41,28,64,867	63,38,366	42,96,97,074	66,27,180

The Company is predominantly equity financed which is evident from the capital structure table. Further, the company has always been a net cash company with cash and bank balances.





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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Compliance with externally imposed capital requirements:

In accordance with SEBI (International Financial Services Centre) Guidelines, 2015, The Company shall have a minimum net worth equivalent of twenty five crore rupees initially and it shall enhance its net worth to a minimum equivalent of one hundred crore rupees over the period of three years from the date of approval.

- 32. The Government of Gujarat introduced a "Scheme of assistance for IT/ITeS Industry" in form of specified incentives under 'IT/ITeS Policy (2016-21)', in pursuance of this policy, during the current year company has filled application on May 16, 2017 and subsequently inspection was done by the competent authority. The company is awaiting revert towards final approval letter from the competent authority. Accordingly, the company has not recognised any amount of assistance during the current year ended March 31 2018.
- 33. During the previous period ended March 31, 2017, Company has accrued and credited Rs 10,05,785 (USD 14,970) towards Contribution to Investors Protection Fund.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashishkumur Chauhan

Chairman

Mayank Jain

Date: April 23, 2018 Place: Mumbai Chief Financial Officer

V. Balasular az Balasubramaniam Venkataramani

Managing Director & CEO

Nikhil Mehta

Company Secretary

